SABINE PARISH CLERK OF COURT MANY, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2014

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Many, Louisiana

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Sabine Parish Clerk of Court

P. O. Box 419 Many, LA 71449

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS for the Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Clerk's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. Please read this document in conjunction with the additional information contained in the Clerk's financial statements, which begin on page 12.

Financial Highlights

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Clerk as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Clerk's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

- 1) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,759,042 at June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$87,517 from the prior year.
- 2) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had accounts receivable of \$26,796 at June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$3,957 from the prior year.
- 3) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had accounts payable and accruals of \$17,570 at June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$8,549 from the prior year.
- 4) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had total revenues of \$821,343 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$53,033 from the prior year.
- 5) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had fees, and charges for services revenues of \$794,456 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$48,678 from the prior year.
- 6) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had total expenses of \$984,419 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$25,691 from the prior year.
- 7) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had personnel services expense of \$774,746 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$24,573 from the prior year.
- 8) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had operating services expense of \$111,306 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$4,097 from the prior year.

- 9) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had supplies expense of \$32,284 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents an increase of \$5,088 from the prior year.
- 10) The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had capital asset purchases of \$730 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$92,014 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following illustrates the minimum requirements for the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court as established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information (Other than MD&A)

These financial statements consist of three sections – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and required supplementary information.

Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (on page 12) and the Statement of Activities (on page 13) provide information about the activities of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Clerk's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the Clerk's net position and changes in it. You can think of the Clerk's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the Clerk's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Clerk's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Fund financial statements start on page 15. All of the Clerk's basic services are reported in a governmental fund, which focus on how money flows into and out of this fund and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the Clerk's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk's activities as well as what remains for future spending.

A summary of the basic government-wide financial statements is as follows:

Summary of Statement of Net Position

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
ASSETS:		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$1,811,350 	\$1,879,249
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,946,538</u>	\$ <u>2,051,923</u>
LIABILIITES:		
Other Liabilities Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable	\$ 17,570 	\$ 26,119 216,066
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>299,876</u>	\$ <u>242,185</u>
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 135,188 1,511,474	\$ 172,674 1,637,064
Total Net Position	\$ <u>1,646,662</u>	\$ <u>1,809,738</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>1,946,538</u>	\$ <u>2,051,923</u>

Net position of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court decreased by \$163,076 or 9.01% from the previous fiscal year. The decrease is the result of operating and non-operating expenses exceeding revenues during the fiscal year ended 2014 (See the following table).

Summary of Statement of Activities

REVENUES:	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Program Revenues- Fees and Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions General Revenues	\$ 794,456 21,000 	\$ 843,134 21,000 10,242
Total Revenues	\$ 821,343	\$ 874,376
EXPENDITURES:		
General Government- Expenses	984,419	<u>1,010,110</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ <u>(163,076</u>)	\$ <u>(135,734</u>)

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's total revenues decreased by \$53,033 or 6.06% from the previous year. The total cost of all programs and services decreased by \$25,691 or 2.54%.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had \$135,188, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$37,486 or 21.70% from the previous year.

Capital Assets at Year End (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Building Improvements Automobile Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	\$ 71,272 8,811 _55,105	\$ 75,231 13,218 107,182
Total	\$ <u>135,188</u>	\$ <u>172,674</u>

This year's major additions included:

Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment \$730

This year there were no major retirements.

<u>Debt</u>

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court had \$282,306 in other post-employment benefits payable at year end and compared to \$216,066 at the previous year end, which is an increase of \$66,240 or 30.65% as shown in the table below:

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable	\$ <u>282,306</u>	\$ <u>216,066</u>

This year there was no new debt.

Variations between Final Budgets and Actual Amounts

Actual revenues were \$4,343 more than budgeted amounts due to fees, and charges for services being more than expected.

Actual expenditures were \$11,307 less than budgeted amounts due to personnel and operating services being less than expected.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's elected official considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- 1. Fees, and charges for services
- 2. Interest income
- 3. Miscellaneous revenues

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court does not expect any significant changes in next year's results as compared to the current year.

Contacting the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and creditors with a general overview of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's finances and to show the Clerk of Court's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court at P. O. Box 419, Many, LA 71449.

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Tammy Foster Sabine Parish Clerk of Court P. O. Box 419 Many, Louisiana 71449

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major fund and fiduciary funds of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Sabine Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, major fund and fiduciary funds information of the Clerk as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the introductory section because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison statement is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2014, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham, CPA's

November 24, 2014 Natchitoches, Louisiana

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$1,759,042
Revenue Receivable	26,796
Prepaid Expense	<u>25,512</u>
Total Current Assets	\$1,811,350
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	135,188
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,946,538</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable & Accruals	\$ 12,201
Payroll & Related Liabilities	5,369
Total Current Liabilities	\$ <u>17,570</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other Post-Employment Benefits	\$ <u>282,306</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>299,876</u>
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 135,188
Unrestricted	<u>1,511,474</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>1,646,662</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Statement of Activities June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues Operating Grants and		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental
<u>Activities</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities: Judicial-					
Personnel Services	\$774,746	\$627,620	\$21,000	\$0	\$ (126,126)
Travel	4,050	7,945	0	0	3,895
Operating Services	111,306	87,390	0	0	(23,916)
Supplies	32,284	23,834	0	0	(8,450)
Professional Services	23,817	15,889			(7,928)
Depreciation	<u>38,216</u>	<u>31,778</u>	0	<u>0</u>	(6,438)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>984,419</u>	\$ <u>794,456</u>	\$ <u>21,000</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(168,963</u>)
General Revenues: Miscellaneous- Other \$ 576 Interest 5,311					
			Total General Rev	enues	\$ <u>5,887</u>
	Change in Net Position \$ (163,076)				\$ (163,076)
		Net l	Position July 1, 20	13	1,809,738
		Net Position June 30, 2014 \$1,646,662			

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund June 30, 2014

ASSETS:

Cash & Cash Equivalents Revenue Receivable Prepaid Expense	\$1,759,042 26,796
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,811,350</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable & Accruals Payroll & Related Liabilities	\$ 12,201 5,369
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>17,570</u>
FUND BALANCE:	
Nonspendable- Prepaid Expense Unassigned	\$ 25,512 1,768,268
Total Fund Balance	\$ <u>1,793,780</u>
Total Liabilities & Fund Balance	\$ <u>1,811,350</u>

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Total Fund Balance for the Governmental Fund at June 30, 2014

\$1,793,780

Total Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. Those assets consist of:

Capital Assets 670,536
Less Accumulated Depreciation (535,348) 135,188

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

Other Post-Employment Benefits

(282,306)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities at June 30, 2014

\$1,646,662

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund June 30, 2014

REVENUES:

Fees & Charges for Services Intergovernmental Miscellaneous-	\$ 794,456 21,000
Interest Income	5,311
Other	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	\$ <u>821,343</u>
EXPENDITURES:	
Current-	
Judicial-	
Personnel Services	\$ 708,506
Travel	4,050
Operating Services	111,306
Supplies	32,284
Professional Services	23,817
Capital Expenditures	<u>730</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>880,693</u>
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (59,350)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	<u>1,853,130</u>
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>1,793,780</u>

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities for the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balance at June 30, 2014, per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

\$ (59,350)

The Change in Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The cost of capital assets recorded in the current period is

730

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-wide financial statements, but does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Current year depreciation expense is

(38,216)

Other Post-employment Benefits are reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities, but are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Current year Other Post-Employment Benefits are

(66,240)

Total Changes in Net Position at June 30, 2014, per Statement of Activities

\$(163,076)

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS:	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>497,431</u>	\$ <u>995,789</u>	\$ <u>1,493,220</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Due to Others	\$ <u>497,431</u>	\$ <u>995,789</u>	\$ <u>1,493,220</u>

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2014

ADDITIONS:	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Suits and Successions Interest Income	\$461,975 0	\$963,004 <u>677</u>	\$1,424,979 <u>677</u>
Total Additions	\$ <u>461,975</u>	\$ <u>963,681</u>	\$ <u>1,425,656</u>
DEDUCTIONS:			
Clerk's Costs (paid to general fund) Settlements to Litigants Sheriff's Fees Attorneys, Curators, Notary Judges' Supplemental Fund Judicial Supplemental Fund	\$266,874 98,193 69,315 15,504 14,550 	\$ 0 233,500 0 0 0	\$ 266,874 331,693 69,315 15,504 14,550 9,660
Total Deductions	\$ <u>474,096</u>	\$ <u>233,500</u>	\$ <u>707,596</u>
Change in Liabilities	\$ (12,121)	\$730,181	\$ 718,060
Liabilities-Beginning	<u>509,552</u>	<u>265,608</u>	<u>775,160</u>
Liabilities-Ending	\$ <u>497,431</u>	\$ <u>995,789</u>	\$ <u>1,493,220</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction:

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts, and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION-

The accompanying financial statements of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

B. REPORTING ENTITY-

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Sabine Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Sabine Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (Police Jury), (b) other organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Sabine Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Police Jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the Sabine Parish Police Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Sabine Parish Police Jury.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the Sabine Parish Police Jury provides office facilities for the Clerk, the Clerk was determined to be fiscally dependent on the Police Jury and accordingly is considered to be a component unit of the Sabine Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying basic financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Clerk and do not present information on the Sabine Parish Police Jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING-

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Clerk of Court functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the Clerk are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary, as follows:

Governmental Fund

General Fund - The General Fund (Salary Fund), as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court and accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the clerk's office are accounted for in this fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - The agency funds, the Advance Deposit Fund and Registry of Court Fund, account for assets held by the clerk as an agent for litigants held pending court action. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING-

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court, except for the fiduciary funds which are reported separately.

The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The governmental fund and the agency funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues-

Fees for certified copies, recording legal documents, marriage licenses, and commissions for services are recorded in the year they are earned. Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured and the income is available. All other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures-

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

E. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING-

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court prepares and adopts a budget each year for its general fund in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The operating budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase therein for the current year, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Clerk amends its budget when projected revenues are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or projected expenditures are expected to be more than budgeted amounts by five percent or more. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-

Cash - includes not only currency on hand but also demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions and other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Cash equivalents - includes all short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of interest rates. Generally, only investments which, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months qualify under this definition.

G. INVESTMENTS-

Investments are limited by R. S. 33:2955 and the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments.

H. RECEIVABLES-

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS-

Capital assets are carried at historical costs. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court is charged as an expense against operations in the Statement of Activities. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 10 to 40 years for building improvements and 5 to 10 years for moveable property. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to expenditures as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. The Clerk maintained a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing assets until December 31, 2013, beginning January 1, 2014 the Clerk increased their threshold level to \$5,000 or more for capitalizing assets.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES-

Full-time employees of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court earn from five to ten days of sick leave each fiscal year, depending on length of service. Vacation is earned as follows: 1st year - 5 days, 2-15 years - 10 days, over 15 years - 15 days. Unused sick leave and vacation expires at June 30, therefore no entry is made for compensated absences.

K. ESTIMATES-

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS-

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Clerk applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted net resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by the Clerk at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

a. Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;

- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The General Fund, the Clerk's only governmental fund, has a nonspendable fund balance of \$25,512 which represents prepaid expense. The remaining fund balance of \$1,768,268 is classified as unassigned. If applicable, the Clerk would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, Investments and Credit Risk:

The cash and cash equivalents of the Clerk of Court are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Clerk of Court's name.

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. The Clerk may invest in time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

At June 30, 2014, the Clerk had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$3,252,262 as follows:

Demand Deposits	\$ 9,555
Interest-bearing Demand Deposits	1,872,507
Time Deposits/Investments	1,370,000
Petty Cash	200
Total	\$ <u>3,252,262</u>

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2014, the Clerk has \$3,277,902 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$825,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$2,452,902 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3), leaving \$0 unsecured and uncollateralized.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3), under the provisions of GASB, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

3. Revenue Receivable:

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2014:

Class of Receivable	<u>Total</u>
Charges for services	\$26,796

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>06-30-13</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>06-30-14</u>
Building Improvements	\$ 79,191	\$ 0	\$0	\$ 79,191
Vehicles	22,029	0	0	22,029
Furniture fixtures, and equipment	568,586	730	\$0	569,316
Less, accumulated depreciation	<u>(497,132</u>)	<u>(38,216</u>)	<u>0</u>	<u>(535,348</u>)
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>172,674</u>	\$(37,486)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>135,188</u>

Depreciation expense of \$38,216 was charged to the judicial function.

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals:

The following is a summary of accounts payable at June 30, 2014:

Class of Payable	<u>Total</u>
Vendor Payroll & Related Liabilities	\$12,201 _5,369
Total	\$ <u>17,570</u>

6. Pension Plan:

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of credited service, not to exceed 100 percent of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produces the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statue.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund,11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 18.5 percent of annual covered payroll. Of the 8.25 percent of the member contributions, the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court pays all. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of a plan member and the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the result of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's contribution to the System for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$115,376, \$109,889 and \$107,725, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court also participates in the State of Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan which is defined by Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Employees may contribute up to the greater of (1) 100% of their taxable compensation or (2) \$17,500. The Clerk matches employee contributions up to 7% of the employee's annual salary. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's contribution to the System for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$21,566, 22,841 and \$22,436, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

7. Risk Management:

The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Clerk of Court maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Clerk of Court.

8. Other Post-Employment Benefits:

Plan Description. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's defined postemployment healthcare plan ("the Retiree Healthcare Plan") provides medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The Retiree Health Plan is affiliated with the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), an agent multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association. Benefit provisions are established by the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court. Employees hired prior to 1/1/2011 are entitled to benefits upon reaching age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service, and employees hired on or after 1/1/2011 are entitled to benefits upon reaching age 60 with at least 12 years of credited service. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Effective with the year ending June 30, 2010, the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). The statement has been implemented prospectively. Using this method, the OPEB liability relative to past service will be amortized and recognized as an expense over thirty years.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court contributes 100% of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired employees and 50% of the costs for retired plan members' dependents. The Clerk recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are paid. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court contributed \$171 to the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Clerk's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The Sabine Parish Clerk of Court meets the requirements to use the Alternative Measurement Method for plans with fewer than 100 members, and has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the Unit Credit Cost Method. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the clerk's annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the clerk's net OPEB obligation to the retiree health plan.

Annual required contribution	\$ 70,199
Interest on net OPEB obligation	7,562
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(11,350</u>)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 66,411
Contributions made	<u>(171</u>)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 66,240
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	<u>216,066</u>
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$ <u>282,306</u>

The Clerk's estimated annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the two preceding fiscal years are shown below:

Fiscal <u>Year Ended</u>	Discount <u>Rate</u>	Annual <u>OPEB Cost</u>	% of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
06/30/2012	4.0%	\$55,132	9.1%	\$150,568
06/30/2013	3.5%	\$67,552	3.6%	\$216,066
06/30/2014	3.5%	\$66,411	.25%	\$282,306

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2014, and for the two preceding valuations, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits, the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan), and ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
6/30/12	\$0	\$561,913	\$561,913	0%	\$422,451	133%
6/30/13	\$0	\$543,033	\$543,033	0%	\$430,936	126%
6/30/14	\$0	\$543,033	\$543,033	0%	\$431,310	126%

The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumption. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees - Based on the historical retirement age for the covered group, and unless otherwise indicated, active members were assumed to retire at age 55 or the earliest age after that at which they would have at least 12 years of service with the Clerk's office.

Marital status - Marital status of members at the calculation date were assumed to continue throughout retirement.

Mortality - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National Center for Health Statistics. The 2008 United States Life Tables for Males and for Females, revised September 24, 2012, were used.

Turnover - Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement 45 were used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid. Healthcare cost trend rate - The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was based on projections of the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. A rate of 9.0% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5%

Health insurance premiums - 2013 age-adjusted health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Inflation rate - A long-term inflation assumption of 3.95% was based on projected changes in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) in the 2013 Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds for an intermediate growth scenario.

Payroll growth rate - The expected long-term payroll growth rate was assumed to equal the rate of inflation.

9. Expenditures of the Clerk of Court Paid by the Sabine Parish Police Jury:

Certain expenses of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's office are paid by the Sabine Parish Police Jury. The Police Jury furnishes the building where the Clerk's office is located and pays all utility bills.

10. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated events through November 24, 2014, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. There were no items to be reported as subsequent events.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable/ (<u>Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES:	0.014.500	0 707 500	© 704.456	e (05(
Fees & Charges for Services	\$ 914,500	\$ 787,500	\$ 794,456	\$ 6,956
Intergovernmental	21,000	21,000	21,000	0
Miscellaneous-	7 7 00	5 5 00	5011	(0.100)
Interest Income	7,500	7,500	5,311	(2,189)
Other Revenue	1,000	1,000	<u> 576</u>	<u>(424</u>)
Total Revenues	\$ 944,000	\$ <u>817,000</u>	\$ <u>821,343</u>	\$ <u>4,343</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current-				
Judicial-				
Personnel Services	\$ 740,000	\$ 713,000	\$ 708,506	\$ 4,494
Travel	4,100	4,100	4,050	50
Operating Services	122,600	116,600	111,306	5,294
Supplies	34,300	34,300	32,284	2,016
Professional Services	23,000	23,000	23,817	(817)
Capital Expenditures	20,000	1,000	<u>730</u>	270
Total Expenditures	\$ 944,000	\$ 892,000	\$ <u>880,693</u>	\$ <u>11,307</u>
Deficiency of Revenues				
over Expenditures	\$ 0	\$ (75,000)	\$ (59,350)	\$15,650
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	1,853,130	1,853,130	1,853,130	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>1,853,130</u>	\$ <u>1,778,130</u>	\$ <u>1,793,780</u>	\$ <u>15,650</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Tammy Foster Sabine Parish Clerk of Court P. O. Box 419 Many, Louisiana 71449

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, major fund and fiduciary funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court's (Clerk) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 25:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham

Johnson, Thomas & Cunningham, CPA's

November 24, 2014 Natchitoches, Louisiana

Sabine Parish Clerk of Court Schedule of Audit Results Year Ended June 30, 2014

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results:

- 1. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the Sabine Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- 2. The audit did not disclose any significant deficiency in internal control.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

No Findings.

III. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.